

Waipu Primary School BEHAVIOUR SUPPORT PLAN

Rationale:

Waipu Primary School will provide a safe, welcoming and caring environment in which our tamariki can develop self-discipline and can accept responsibility for their own actions. Behaviour modification will be based on fostering success and by developing mutual respect and understanding between staff and pupils.

Objectives:

- To ensure children live our school values.
- To ensure proactive and strategically planned steps are taken to manage and improve behaviour through principled discipline and PB4L strategies (Positive Behaviour for Learning).
- To provide an environment within which staff and children feel safe, secure and comfortable, in order to make the most of their teaching and learning experiences.
- To ensure behaviour data is consistently recorded on ETAP and tracked by teachers, leaders for referrals etc.

General Expectations - Rights and Responsibilities:

Students have the right to	Students have the responsibility to
 be valued as members of the school community. be treated fairly, consistently and with respect. have their views listened to be able to seek help when needed. be able to express how they feel in a respectful manner using the language of the Zones of Regulation. 	 arrive at school on time, wearing the correct uniform, and suitably equipped for the day. co-operate in school with teachers/assistants/supervisors and their peers. respect views, rights, and property of others, and behave safely and appropriately both in and out of class. accept ownership for their own behaviour and learning.
Parents/caregivers have the right to	Parents/carers have the responsibility to
 a safe, well-managed and stimulating environment for their children's 	 ensure their child attends school regularly, arrives on time, wearing the

- education.
- have their enquiries and concerns listened to and dealt with sympathetically and efficiently.
- be well informed about their child's progress and behaviour.
- be involved in key decisions regarding their child's education.

- correct uniform, and suitably equipped for the day.
- be aware of school rules and procedures and encourage their child to abide by them, supporting school policies.
- provide the school with any information which may affect their child's learning and behaviour.
- attend planned meetings with teachers/management.

Staff have the right to...

- work in a safe, and supportive environment.
- have their views listened to and be able to seek help when needed.
- support and advice from senior colleagues and external bodies.
- adequate resources and opportunities for professional development.

Staff have the responsibility to...

- behave in a professional manner at all times following the Code of Conduct.
- listen to the students, value their contributions and respect their views.
- track, monitor and act on behaviours.
- expect high standards and acknowledge effort and achievement.
- be positive role models to the students.

Our Core Values:

Resilience Respect Kindness Respect nespect the Atawhai Manawaroa Whakaute ➤ We use kind words and ➤ We try our very hardest ➤ We keep our hands and actions at all times to do our best our feet to ourselves > We do our best to > We include others in ➤ We respect all school what we are doing bounce back when property and equipment things get tough ➤ We are respectful to our > We give each other space peers, school staff and adults in the school

	➤ We follow class and school expectations/rules
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Tracking Behaviours:

Behaviours are tracked using ETAP (the school management system). Staff use the PB4L Guidance Menu to record incidents - paying attention to location, day of the week and time of incident, possible motivation, victims, others involved and what specifically happened.

Positive Reinforcement and Rewards, Sanctions and Consequences:

Our behaviour policy is based on restorative practices and firm boundaries and guidelines. However positive reinforcement (PB4L) is the basis of our school values and behaviour management plans.

When things go well

Verbal Positive Reinforcements	Tangible Positive Reinforcements
 Being treated with whakaute (respect) and manners Being thanked for their efforts Words of praise Bonus time to play Line leaders 	 Stickers and stamps Visit to the principal PB4L reward tokens Clan rewards Whole school rewards Sticker charts Hi-5 and pats on the back Principal's award Values certificate

When things go wrong

Minor Behaviours (managed by staff when and where they occur)	Major Behaviours (managed by management)
 Out of bounds Lateness after break times Disruptive behaviour Getting in personal space Hurting other feelings Disrespectful to environment and/or property Swearing Telling tales about minor issues Intentional wasting time Ignoring instructions 	 Physical abuse Bullying Racism Wilful damage Stealing Defiance Blackmail Inappropriate sexual behaviour Verbal abuse Inappropriate use of digital technology

- Rudeness
- Taking others property
- Exclusion
- Lying
- Talking back
- Arguing

Severe Behaviours

(managed by management)

 A repeated minor or major behaviour with more severity (referred to management)

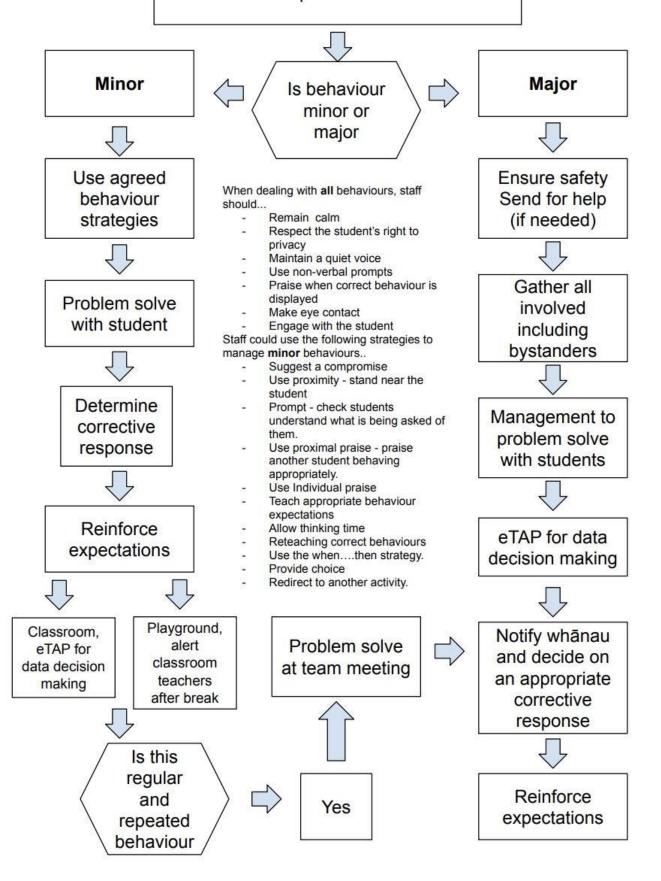
PB4L strategies in response to minor problem behaviours to try first

Restorative De-escalation

- Prompt
 - Visual or verbal cue / signal when behaviours occur.
- Remind
 - Restate expected behaviour from our school values.
- Redirect
 - To another activity
- Conference
 - Have a private conversation to problem-solve together.
- Reteach
 - Tell, show, practice and acknowledge expected behaviours.
- Choice
 - Give options of behaviours to do next.

- The 'Look'
- Non-verbal gestures
- The Pause
- "Thanks"
- Reminders/redirection
- Proximity/praise
- "I" statements
- "Broken record"
- Consequences as a choice
- Tactical ignoring
- Conditional directions
- Shaping
- Take up time
- Positive feedback

Observe problem behaviour



	Process	Follow up/PB4L strategy
Playground	Warning / Reminder Clearly state what behaviour you do not like - Remind student about appropriate/desired behaviour (PB4L)	Prompt Remind Redirect Reteach Choice
	2) Restorative chat WARM conversation with student - natural consequence - removed from a certain area - walk around with duty teacher	Conference ETAP behaviour Own it Fit it Learn from it - move on
	Major behaviour Take straight to senior management - remove from playground	

Formal Restorative Steps - Playground: Formal Restorative Steps - Repeated Minors Classroom:

	Phase One	Follow up/PB4L strategy
In school systems by teacher	Warning (clearly state what behaviour you do not like). Be explicit so the child is fully aware of the behaviour that they need to change.	Prompt
	Reminder Remind about appropriate behaviour (PB4L) - reteach the expected behaviour if need be.	Redirect Reteach Choice
	3) Restorative chat WARM chat at morning tea or lunch and as a result there is a natural consequence - complete work, work with/by the teacher, clean up mess (repair the damage).	Conference ETAP behaviour if repetitive Own it Fit it Learn from it - move on
	Phase Two (if Phase 1 doesn't achieve expected outcomes)	Follow up/PB4L strategy
Support from middle management -	4) Reflection time	ETAP behaviour Discuss at team meeting

Team leaders Ongoing Communication with parents from this point on.	 Time out in another class (parents notified via email or phone call) Reflection sheet completed with team leader. Senior Management to talk with child (check in/check out set up) FBA – Functional Behaviour Analysis and adapted the environment to meet the needs of the learner / class. FBA sheet 	or with colleagues to gain additional strategies. Team leader to observe child in class (if required).
	 5) Plan Parents meet with teacher and team leader IBP set up (Individualised behaviour plan) - home school agreed plan with desired behaviours and consequences. Set up a review date with parents. Repair the damage - Service to the school (see ideas on next page) 	ETAP behaviour Discuss with SENCO - gain further support if required (LSC or RTLB).
	Phase Three (if Phase 1 and 2 don't achieve expected outcomes)	Follow up/PB4L strategy
Support from management - Principal	6) Plan Principal to meet with parents to decide on a plan moving forward - are outside agencies required?	ETAP behaviour If no signs of the behaviours improving.
	7) Stand down (depending on the nature of the disruption)	

Formal Restorative Steps - Repeated Minors OSCAR:

	Phase One	Follow up/PB4L strategy
In OSCAR systems	Warning Clearly state what behaviour you would like / do not like	Prompt
	Reminder Remind student about appropriate/desired behaviour (PB4L)	Redirect Remind Reteach Choice
	3) Restorative chat WARM conversation with student - natural consequence - removed from a certain area - stay with an OSCAR teacher - remain inside for the afternoon.	Conference ETAP behaviour if repetitive Own it

		Fit it Learn from it - move on
	Phase Two (if Phase 1 doesn't achieve expected outcomes)	Follow up/PB4L strategy
Support from management - Principal	4) Parent contact made in regards to behaviour - warning one (could be on pick up - or Principal to phone)	Discuss with SENCO - gain further support if required (LSC/RTLB)
Ongoing communication with Principal Document behaviours on ETAP from this	 Parent contact made in regards to behaviour - warning two - Parent to meet with Principal about OSCAR expectations. Last chance to make improvements. Letter outlining conditions of remaining at OSCAR. 	
stage on.	 Child stood down from OSCAR for a suitable amount of time based on severity of behaviours (1 day - 1 week) 	
	7) Child stood down from OSCAR.	

Ideas for Service to the school: (consequence to help repair the damage - where it suits)			
Sharpen pencils	Collect sports gear	Clean art area	Sweep concrete
Clean bins	Wipes down desks	Path clearing	Collect rubbish
Gardening	Befriend a friend	Sort lost property	Duty with teacher

Minor and Major Behaviour Definitions:

Minor Problem Behaviour	Definition	
Out of bounds	Student is outside an area where they should be.	
Lateness after break times	Student repeatedly arrives to class after the bell.	
Disruptive behaviour	Student engages in low-intensity, but inappropriate disruption. This includes fidgeting, moving on mat, noises, loud voices etc	
Getting in personal space	Student engages in contact with or proximity of another person's personal space.	
Hurting others feelings	Student engages in hurtful actions towards others. This includes teasing, name calling, laughing at others, giving funny looks, put downs, mocking others etc	

Disrespectful to environment and/or property	Student engages in actions that are harmful to the environment or property.	
Inappropriate language	Student engages in a low-intensity instance of rude or insulting language (may not be directed at another person).	
Telling tales about minor issues	Student tells on others.	
Intentional wasting time	Student engages in strategies that avoid completing tasks.	
Ignoring instructions	Student fails in a minor way to respond to requests.	
Rudeness	Student shows a lack of regard for others. This may include arguing and talking back.	
Taking others property	Student takes property that does not belong to them, without it being given by another person.	
Exclusion	Student excludes others.	
Lying	Student does not tell the truth.	
Talking back	Student talks back to the teacher or other adult.	
Arguing	Student argues with the teacher or other adult.	

Major Problem Behaviour	Definition
Physical abuse	Student engages in actions involving serious physical contact where injury may occur. This includes fighting, hitting, punching, kicking, pushing, strangling, scratching, stick fighting, spitting etc
Bullying	Student delivers repeated disrespectful messages (eg. negative comments, notes, posts, pictures or gestures), sustained or intense verbal attacks, threats, unwanted physical contact, or intimidation to another person based on race, religion, gender, age, ethnic origin, disabilities or other personal matters.
Racism	Student delivers disrespectful messages based on ethnic origin.
Wilful damage	Student engages in actions that result in destruction or disfigurement of property.
Stealing	Student is in possession of, having passed on or being responsible for removing someone else's property.
Defiance	Student engages in refusal to follow directions, talks back and/or delivers socially rude interactions.
Blackmail	Student uses threats or the manipulation of someone's feelings to force them to do something.
Inappropriate sexual behaviour	Student engages in inappropriate verbal and/or physical

	gestures/contact, of a sexual nature to another student. This includes accessing inappropriate online material.
Verbal abuse	Student delivers verbal messages that include swearing, name calling or use of words in an inappropriate way.
Inappropriate use of digital technology	Student misuses digital technology. Student accesses inappropriate online material.

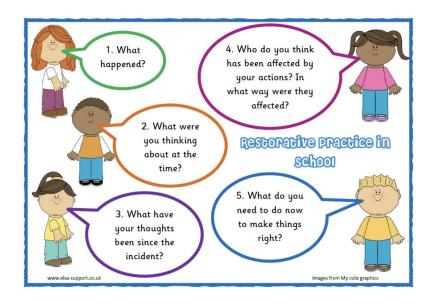
Waipu Primary Students PB4L Expectations:

Student Expectations							
	KINDNESS RESPECT RESILIENCE						
Classroom	 Use kind words to others Wait your turn Keep your hands and your feet to yourself Allow others space 	 ➤ Listen to the teacher ➤ Try your best ➤ Follow classroom routines ➤ Keep the classroom clean and tidy - put away what I have used. 	 ➤ Try your hardest ➤ Push through if things get a little tough 				
Bus lines	➤ Use kind words	➢ Sit quietly➢ Hold any balls still	Stay seated until asked to move				
Toilets	➤ Be courteous to others	 ➤ Wash hands ➤ Toilet paper into the toilet only ➤ Flush loo ➤ Allow others privacy 	Limit your time - be prompt				
Playground	➤ Use kind words➤ Include others who want to play	 Use equipment properly Run in open areas only - not around corners Use appropriate language Put rubbish in the bins Keep our hands and feet to yourself 	 ➢ Report any dangers ➢ Take turns ➢ Stay within the school bounds (don't go out of bounds) 				
Library	➤ Use quiet, kind words➤ Take turns with books if needed	 Quiet voices and quiet feet at all times Put books back where you found them on the shelf Use the library books appropriately 	➤ Pick up and put away any books that aren't in the right place				
Assembly	➤ Clap at the	➤ Sit quietly	➤ Sit still				

	appropriate times	➤ Show the presenter respect➤ Eyes up, head up	Sit in a straight class line
Office	➤ Be kind to the office staff	 Use manners when talking to the office staff Only come into the office if really needed 	➤ Walking only➤ Wait your turn
Cloak bays	 Keep our hands and our feet to yourself - No pushing or shoving 	 Hang bag up neatly Keep bag zipped up Keep your belongings neat and tidy Do not touch others property 	➤ Pick up rubbish to keep cloak bays tidy
Eating time	➤ Use kind words to others	 Allows others space to eat Put rubbish back into your lunch box or in the bins. Sit down while eating at all times. Pack up when your teacher has allowed you to go. 	 Manage your food so you have food left for lunch

Strategies and Tools:

- → Restorative Chat (informal)
- → Restorative Conference (formal)



→ WARM conversation - following the guiding questions

Mistakes and muck ups happen but we can fix them. Choose to keep your conversations **WARM.**



happened?

How does what happened fit with how we do things at our school?

What was I thinking about at the time?

What I am thinking now about what happened?



Affect

Who was affected by what happened?

Was what happened fair to them?

Was what happened the right thing?



What do I need to do to repair things?

How will this help put things right?

When can this happen?





Move Forward

How can we make sure this doesn't happen again?

What do you need to start/stop/stay doing?

If this happens again, what do you think should happen next?

→ Functional Behaviour Assessment

(ABC: Antecedent, Behaviour,

Consequence) Using template to guide the process to attempt to work out what is triggering the behavaiour.



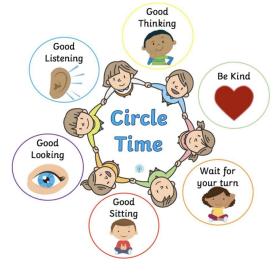
→ **Brick club** - Run by a trained professional to encourage students to share, show respect and resilience.

→ Circle Time - In class discussion with the opportunity for others to hear your thoughts and

feelings in a safe place.

→ Own it, Fix it, Learn from it, Move on - Four steps to showing resilience and moving past an issue. Using the mistake as a positive learning opportunity.





How to Make a Mistake a Positive Learning Opportunity



→ Individual Behaviour Plan - structured plan to support a child with a specific behaviour.

Preventing Problems—The Proactive Teacher Behavior Plan

Behavior Plan

Step #1	Step #2	Step #3	Step #4
Negative classroom behaviors	Where & Why? (functional assessment)	Positive Opposite behaviors	Select Proactive and Relationship Building Strategies (with Child and Family)
Poking, touching Speaks without raising hand Talks while directions are given Off-task, day dreaming	Child impulsive, inattentive temperament (during circle time) Misbehavior gets attention from teacher and peers (playground and free time)	Keep hands to own body Raise a quiet hand Listen quietly when directions are given Pay attention and concentrate	Use listening and quiet hand up rules cue cards and "give me five" signal. Seat close to teacher, during circle time Give opportunities to move by helping teacher Get eye contact before giving directions. Use positive redirect Ignore blurting out and wiqqling.

. Child's Strengths and Interests	

Preventing Problems–The Proactive Teacher navior Plan for

Step #1: Targeted Negative Behaviors	Step #2: When & Why? (functional assessment)	Step #3: Positive Opposite behaviors	Step #4 Select Proactive and Relationship Building Strategies (with Child and Family)

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Decreasing Inappropriate Behaviors and Strengthening Prosocial and Problem Solving Skills Behavior Plan for

Decreasing Inappropriate Behaviors and Strengthening Prosocial and Problem Solving Skills Behavior Plan

Example of Behavior Plan: Jenny, Grade 1

Step #8: Consequences	Step #9: Individual Teaching	Step #10: Circle Time Teaching
Distract to different activity Time out to calm down Loss of privilege Logical consequence	Praise for staying calm when frustrated Rehearsal of calm down strategies Hand stamp for following directions Praises children who play with her Promote her reputation as friendly Emotion and social coaching Use "I can help" and "I'm good at sharing" stickers for this behavior when it occurs	Calm down strategies (deep breaths, use Tiny Turtle shell, think happy thoughts) Practice role plays for sharing, helping and teamwork skills Teacher and practice problem-solving steps (Wally) Teach and practice porblem-solving steps (Wally) using problem-solving cue cards

Step #8: Consequences	Step #9: Individual Teaching	Step #10: Circle Time Teaching

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Strengthening Prosocial Skills - Praise, Incentives and Positive Discipline Behavior Plan



Strengthening Prosocia Behavior Plan for	Skills - Praise, Incentives and Positive Discipline

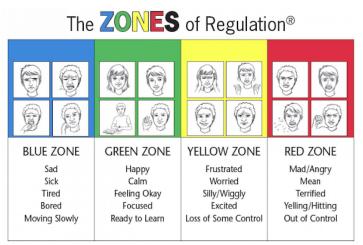


	Behavior Plan				
xample of Behavior Plan: Jenny, Grade 1		Step #5 Praise and Encouragement	Step #6 Specific Reinforcers	Step #7 Positive Discipline	
Step #5 Praise and Encouragement	Step #6 Specific Reinforcers	Step #7 Positive Discipline			
Praise hands to self & quiet hand up & listening during circle time Continue persistence coaching during circle time Encourage child to ask permission to hug Call on child when quiet hand is raised	Responds well to praise Hand stamps for quiet hand. 6 stamps = choose book for story hour Help distribute handouts Use "I can listen" sticker for listening behaviors	Positive redirect for off-task behavior Ignore blurting out Nonverbal cue/warning for inappropriate touching Repeat positive directions & praise compliance			

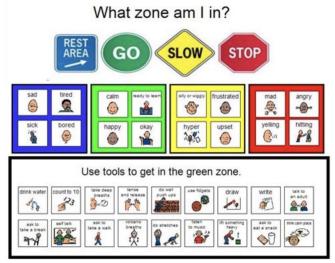
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→ The Zones of Regulation:

Throughout the year Waipu Primary School students will be taught a range of lessons about the Zones of Regulation; what the different zones are, how they affect their behaviour/emotional state and what tools they can use to move themself from zone to zone when required.



REGULATION



→ Mana Aka:

Mana Ake will support children in our school.

TE TAI TOKERAU



Mana Ake works with local school communities to enhance wellbeing outcomes for tamariki.

It provides strengths based, evidence informed wellbeing and mental health support to children in the context of their school, whānau, community and natural networks of support.

MOE supports:

Special educational needs coordinator (SENCO), Resource of teaching, learning and behaviour (RTLB) and Learning support coordinator (LSC) and Mana Ake -wellbeing support for students, all work together with the leadership team to support teachers and students.

Physical Restraint:

Waipu Primary School follows the Ministry of Education Guidelines on the Use of Physical Restraint Ministry of Education Website - For parents and whanau - Physical restraint

By working in partnership our aim is to provide:

· Supporting schools to

· Clarifying pathways of

support for wellbeing

· Support for pastoral care

· Sharing success indicators

to identify and respond to

concerns.

trends.

develop wellbeing goals.

TER 1: Universal TIER 2: Targeted TIER 3: Individual



- Understanding wellbeing.
 Workshops and training.
- Help to build connections & collaboration with services.
- Centralising wellbeing information and localised referral pathways.
- Supporting schools to implement whole-school approaches & programmes.
- Developing wellbeing information to share with whānau.
- Sharing and empowering whānau with wellbeing education and resources.
- Supporting access to workshops to understand wellbeing.
- Whānau & tamariki mana enhancing activities.
- Community support groups.
- Drop-in sessions.
- Helping whānau understand tamariki development stages.
- Programmes to support parenting.
- Whānau led support for addressing wellbeing for tamariki.

· Knowledge on where and

how to access support.

trauma informed and

 Sharing strategies with teachers to develop skills

wellbeing practice.

individual students

• Supporting teachers/staff to

understand and implement

and confidence to support

- Connecting whanau with supports that empower them to achieve their desired outcomes
- Keeping connected with whānau.



- School wide and whole class strategies to promote wellbeing. E.g. Social and emotional literacy.
- Culturally responsive frameworks and processes.
 Embedding a culture of care
- and manaakitanga.
 Student connectedness,
- Student connectedness, engagement and belonging.
- Small group social and emotional learning:
- Emotional regulation

Resilience

- Cultural identity
- Self-esteem - Positive relationships
- Grief, loss and transitions
- Healthy choices - Identity formation
- Targeted evidence based individual interventions
- addressing wellbeing.Individual direct supports:
- Counsellors / Social Workers - Mentors / Youth Workers
- Mental Health Specialists
 Kaimahi support

NB All interventions are tailored for the context in which they are delivered, taking into account the strengths, needs and available resources of the whanau, school and community.

Use physical restraint only when:

The teacher or authorised staff member reasonably believes that the safety of the student or of any other person is at serious and imminent risk.

The physical restraint response must be reasonable and proportionate in the circumstances:

- Use the minimum force necessary to respond to the serious and imminent risk to safety.
- Use physical restraint only for as long as is needed to ensure the safety of everyone involved.

Processes following an incident of Physical Restraint will be guided by the Good Practice following an incident involving physical restraint.

Bullying - Defined: See separate Bullying Policy for more detailed information Waipu Primary School has a zero tolerance policy for bullying.

- Bullying is deliberate harming another person intentionally.
- Bullying involves a misuse of power in a relationship.
- Bullying is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated over time.
- Bullying can be verbal, physical and/or social.
- If someone behaves in a mean or violent way on **one occasion** it isn't bullying, even though it's not right.
- It is also not bullying if you sometimes fight with a friend and you sort it out.



When someone says or does something unintentionally hurtful and they do it once, that's

RUDE.

When someone says or does something intentionally hurtful and they do it once, that's

MEAN.

When someone says or does something intentionally hurtful and they keep doing iteven when you tell them to stop or show them that you're upset—that's

BULLYING.